2015

Digital Moving Average Filter in C-code

Sumário

1	Introduction	. 2
2	Experimental Results	. 2
3	C-code	.2

1 Introduction

This report presents the C-code of a digital moving average filter. A moving average filter computes the average value of a signal. In other words, it extracts the DC component from a signal. The simulation file used in this report is freely available on

2 Experimental Results

Fig. 1 presents the input signal (upper) and the moving average filter output signal. The upper signal is two added sinusoidal waveform, one in 60Hz and another in 180Hz, summed up to a 1.45V DC. The lower signal is the waveform computed by the moving average filter done in C-code. It is constant and approximately equals to the DC value of the upper waveform. The figure also shows the mean values of the signals.



Fig. 1: The input signal (upper) and the moving average filter output signal.

3 C-code

The c-code used in the moving average filter is the following:

```
static float
```

 static float valor = 0;

static float saida_filtro = 0;

static unsigned int i = 0;

float InvNAmostrasFiltro = 0.001; //for 1000 samples

valor = x1;

valor = (float) valor * InvNAmostrasFiltro; //take the average value from the escalar product saida_filtro += valor - buffer[i]; buffer[i] = valor; i++; if(i >=1000) i = 0;

y1=saida_filtro;